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RICHMOND, VA., TUESDAY, JUNE 22, 1909.

THE WEATHER TO-DAY—Cloudy.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

MURDER MYSTERY STILL UNSOLVED

Yellow Assassin of Elsie Sigel Escapes All Nets Laid by Police.

RUMORS OF CAPTURE PROVE UNFOUNDED

Chung Sin and Sun Leong Held, but Neither Furnish Information of Fugitive—Miss Sigel Declared to Have Been in Love With Chu Gain.

NEW YORK, June 21.—After a bit of police flurry to-day, an hour or two of unverified reports and telephoning between cities, the murder of Elsie Sigel, daughter of Paul Sigel, of this city, and granddaughter of Major-General Franz Sigel, of Civil War fame, resolved itself into an unsolved crime again to-night.

Chung Sin, who formerly occupied a room adjoining that where the girl's body was found, is held by the police at the little up-State city of Amsterdam, but what has been learned from him has served to clear up the case little, if any. At Schenectady, the Chinaman arrested to-day, at first thought to be Leon Ling or William Leong, who is sought as the girl's murderer, has, according to all indications, pretty well established that he is an unoffending Celestial, who formerly worked in a restaurant in New York, and whose arrest was brought about merely through a misunderstanding and unfortunate resemblance to Leon Ling.

Still a Mystery.

Owing to the disappearance of Chung Sin, about the time the murder was discovered here Monday, the police were eager for his apprehension, which was considered second in importance to that of Leon, but the interview with him at Amsterdam to-day seems to have brought out nothing of value to the authorities. He maintains that he rarely associated with Leon, and while acquainted with Elsie Sigel, knows nothing of the murder. Thus, with his arrest of no great import, the case, aside from developments in New York to-day, is about where it was when Elsie Sigel's body was found in the trunk in a room over the Eighty-avenue chop-suey restaurant last Friday night.

Sun Leong, keeper of the restaurant, quietly and calmly surrendered himself early to-day. He is being detained as a material witness, but his voluntary surrender is taken to mean that he is not implicated in any way in the crime.

The body of Elsie Sigel was quietly buried this afternoon in Woodlawn Cemetery. As the father had announced last night that he wished to avoid any publicity, the coffin containing the mutilated form was taken directly from the morgue to the burying ground in a plain undertaking wagon. The ceremony at the grave was strictly private, and was attended only by her father, two brothers, Ferdinand and Theodore, and by her uncle, Franz Sigel.

Mrs. Sigel, it will be recalled, broke down completely when she learned of her daughter's death, and is now in a sanatorium.

Chinese Will Offer Reward.

Although the mission in Chinatown where Elsie Sigel formerly taught has been closed, a meeting of Chinese who have been converted to Christianity was held in a Day Street mission hall to-day, at which a reward for raising funds to be offered as a reward for the capture of the slayer. No definite sum was decided upon, but a committee will go through Chinatown to-day soliciting subscriptions. Rev. Fung Y. Mr. Y. is chairman.

Theories as to the motive of the murder all coincide on the jealousy of Leon Ling. That he killed because of her apparent friendship for Chu Gain, who is still detained as a material witness, is still the predominant belief.

In support of this explanation, Mrs. Florence Todd, one of the most prominent women workers in Chinatown, who knew Elsie Sigel and her mother intimately, said this afternoon: "I knew Chu Gain, who is under arrest, very well. He is one of the few Chinamen whom I would trust with my life. Mrs. Sigel and Elsie also knew him for many years. They were introduced to him through an uncle of his."

"I believe that Elsie was in love with Chu Gain and would have married him, but he would not marry her."

Only a Filtration.

Here Mrs. Todd went into the most significant part of her statement, that bearing on Leon Ling. She said: "Within the last year, despite her love for Chu Gain, Elsie became apparently infatuated with Leon Ling. But I think it was only a filtration. He, I know, asked her to marry him, but she refused him. In fact, she told me that she refused him. Her mother knew all about it."

Despite her statement, Mrs. Todd said she was not inclined to believe that Leon committed the murder, and she went on to relate that she had a dream that Elsie Sigel had committed suicide. Chu Gain, she said, came to her on the morning of June 14, five days after the murder is supposed to have been committed, and told her that he, too, had had a dream. In this dream Chu Gain, according to Mrs. Todd, had seen the form of a girl appear before him, crying: "Chu, save me." This seemed to worry the Chinaman greatly because Elsie was missing at the time.

Various reports of Chinese being traced in different cities have come to the New York police, and all are being looked into. Late to-night, however, the indications were that the whereabouts of Leon Ling was unknown.

Woman Is Arrested.

Josie Sney, twenty-three years old, the white wife of Louis Sney, a Chinese (Continued on Page Two—Column 1.)

RICHMOND WOMAN SUES

She Asks \$10,000 Damage in Sensational Case Against Livestockman.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
BALTIMORE, MD., June 21.—Sensational charges and a madman's suit filed in the Superior Court here to-day by Mrs. Harriet Montague Lee, of Richmond, against Jacob Ahrens, a well-known livestockman. Mrs. Lee claims \$10,000 for assault and battery and an unlawful detention.

Mrs. Lee says that she accompanied her husband to this city last Thursday to buy an automobile. They hired a cab and the driver drove to a garage, where Mr. Lee got out. While her husband was looking at the machine, Mrs. Lee saw a man get into the cab and told her Mr. Lee was trying to evade paying cab fare. When Mrs. Lee tried to alight, she was seized by the driver, pushed back into the vehicle, closed the door and drove rapidly to Mr. Ahrens's office. There, she declares, Mr. Ahrens detained her until she paid for the cab and would not allow her to communicate with her husband by telephone.

JUDGE LAWLER DISQUALIFIED

That Will Be the Next Card Played by Calhoun's Defense.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., June 21.—When the case against Judge Calhoun, president of the United Railways, charging that he offered a bribe of \$4,000 to Supervisor John J. Furey to procure an overhauled trolley franchise, is called in Judge Lawler's court next Monday counsel for the defense will play the card of disqualification. They will present demurrers alleging that Judge Lawler, on account of his conduct in the trial of the case, is not qualified to sit in the new case, and that Francis J. Heney is disqualified from acting as assistant district attorney because he acted as such at the time of his appointment by District Attorney Langdon, and is now an agent of the Attorney-General of the United States.

Heney declares that he is not and never was an assistant to the Attorney-General, but that he had been offered that office. He denied also the allegation made by Mr. Moore that he had drawn large sums of money from the United Railways for his services during the prosecution of the graft cases. All money came to him by check, he said, had been paid out by him in turn to his assistants for salaries and expenses.

SMUGGLER A WITNESS

He Is Expected to Give Testimony to Ground Dealings.

NEW YORK, June 21.—George C. White, convicted smuggler, was taken before the Federal grand jury here to-day to give testimony. He is expected to give testimony throwing light upon the testimony of the United Railways, and attempts to smuggle large quantities of Parian costumes into the country. White is charged with smuggling, and sentenced to two years in the Federal penitentiary. He is also charged with being an agent of the Attorney-General of the United States.

SUMMER AHEAD OF TIME

Hot Wave Strikes New York Twelve Hours Before Scheduled.

NEW YORK, June 21.—According to astronomical tables summer was due to reach New York at 9:05 o'clock to-night. As a matter of fact, it arrived about twelve hours ahead of schedule, for to-day's temperature hovered about 90 in the shade, which is a record for this time of year.

The hot wave came suddenly on the heels of a cool spell, and for that reason the construction of the new school buildings, which were under way, was delayed. The school children, who face one more week of work in class rooms, are expected to be in the shade of the new buildings, which are now under way, by the end of the month.

SIR JOHN JACKSON ARRIVES

He Will Build Arica-La-Paz Railroad for Chilean Government.

ASICA, CHILE, June 21.—Sir John Jackson, the English contractor, who is building the Arica-La-Paz Railroad for the Chilean government, arrived here last night on the steamer "Progreso." He is accompanied by his wife and two children, and a large staff of skilled engineers. Sir John is interested also in building a road from Arica to La Paz, and is expected to see the President of Chile on his way to the United States.

PERKINS IS ELECTED

He Goes Into Directorate of Florida East Coast Railway.

NEW YORK, June 21.—George W. Perkins, who has been elected to the directorate of the Florida East Coast Railway, which is controlled by Henry M. Flagler, arrived here last night. Perkins is a prominent business man in New York, and has been active in the development of the Florida East Coast Railway. He is expected to see the President of the United States on his way to the United States.

ROAD IS TRANSFERRED

Seaboard Air Line Gets Chesterfield and Lancaster Property.

CHESTER, S. C., June 21.—A. I. Page & Son, of this place, to-day transferred to the Seaboard Air Line Railroad the Chesterfield and Lancaster Railroad Company. The purchase price of the stock was not announced. The Chesterfield and Lancaster Railroad, which was built in 1901, is about forty miles in length, running from Cheraw to Crowberg, about thirty miles from Charlotte, N. C.

AARHUS FILLING UP

Thousands Flock to City for American Day Celebration.

COPENHAGEN, June 21.—Dr. Hansen, of Chicago, chairman of the committee having in charge the American Day celebration to be held at Aarhus, Denmark, July 4, was here to-day to see the King, Frederik, and later had dinner with His Majesty. The King promised that the crown prince would represent him at the celebration. The hotels at Aarhus are already fully booked for the festivities. Certainly there has been no serious complications of any kind since his arrival here.

NO TRUTH IN REPORT

Health of E. H. Harriman Is Very Satisfactory.

VIENNA, June 21.—There is no truth whatever in the reports which seem to have been current in many parts of the world that E. H. Harriman is seriously ill. Mr. Harriman's health, on the whole, is considered satisfactory. Certainly there has been no serious complications of any kind since his arrival here.

PUBLIC MIND IS HIGHLY INFLAMED

People of Georgia Will Not Submit to Restoration of Negro Firemen.

SUCH ACTION WOULD MEAN MORE VIOLENCE

Spokesman for Strikers Declares to Arbitrators That They Must Consider Feelings of White People Against Blacks—To Disregard It Will Bring Bloodshed.

ATLANTA, GA., June 21.—In his statement of the striking firemen's side of the controversy with the Georgia Railroad before the arbitration committee this afternoon, Attorney Reuben Arnold declared: "We are going to insist upon the arbitrators taking into consideration the state of public opinion in this strike. I do not mean by that that the arbitrators are to be influenced in their decision by this state of public opinion. But I do say that this commission will have to take into consideration the state of the public mind in so far as it affects the safety of passengers or the safety of other employees of this railroad."

"We propose to prove that the people of this State are so bitterly inflamed against the negro firemen that were you gentlemen to restore them to their position, or were the railroad, under your decision, to put them on the engines again, there would be violence and bloodshed, and the lives of neither employees nor passengers would be safe."

"We will bring here the mayors of cities and others who have investigated and who know. They will tell you that the people of the State will not stand for the negroes in the cab, and that if you force them there there will be trouble."

Doing Temporary Duty.

"Are any negroes running now?" inquired Arbitrator Hardwick.

"Yes," said Arnold, "but only pending a decision by this commission, and to get even this concession, Vice-President Kelly had to go down the line and explain to the people that the restoration of the negro was only temporary."

The arbitrators were evidently impressed by this statement of Mr. Arnold. The attorney made it at the end of his summing-up of the demands of the firemen. These demands number six.

The absolute discharge of all negro firemen.

Firemen must have three years' experience before being promoted to engineers.

All firemen when hired must be put in yards and on hostlers' jobs.

All hostlers must continue to receive present rate of pay.

Passenger, through freight and other desirable runs must not be blocked by non-promotable men (negroes).

No firemen shall be required to flag crossings or throw switches at crossings, thus leaving the engine with only one man at most dangerous points.

Mr. Arnold's argument was that the races will not mix; that the negro, made a fireman and never being made an engineer, would become a permanent fixture in the ranks of firemen, who cannot pass him because he is non-promotable; that to be a good engineer a fireman must know the runs, and he cannot know them unless he has been a fireman for some time.

The commission adjourned after Mr. Arnold concluded until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning, when the firemen will begin their testimony. About 100 supporters were to-night for the service in this and other towns on the Georgia Railroad. The commission will meet after to-morrow at 9 o'clock, and sit until 5:30 o'clock each afternoon.

Barrow Made Umpire.

Ex-Secretary of Representative Hardwick, the two arbitrators selected by the Georgia Railroad and the striking firemen, reached here last night, and when Chancellor David C. Barrow arrived to-morrow they proceeded to the United States court house. When told that the law forbade their occupancy of Federal property without permission, they telegraphed for the permit, and adjourned to the Piedmont Hotel, where they organized and began their labors.

Chancellor Barrow was formally made umpire, but at his request Mr. Herbert presided.

At the suggestion of Mr. Herbert, it was agreed that counsel on both sides should make an opening statement of what they expected to prove, the firemen being considered the plaintiffs.

"We have decided," said Mr. Herbert, "that we will not enforce all the technical rules of evidence, but we do not want any irrelevant or hearsay evidence."

"And we do not want any evidence of what public opinion on the case is," said Counsel Cummins for the railroad. "We will fight the introduction of such testimony."

And we propose to offer it," retorted Mr. Arnold, "at the afternoon session, when he made his formal statement."

KILLED HIS GRANDMOTHER

That Is the Charge Which Youthful B. City, Mich., Made.

BAY CITY, MICH., June 21.—Roland Rich, charged with the murder of his grandmother, Mrs. Christine Corydon, was this afternoon bound over to the Circuit Court for trial. The attorneys for Rich offered no testimony and made no arguments at the examination, which came to an end this afternoon before a justice.

Rich was arrested on the charge of killing Mrs. Corydon one hour after he had been married. The aged grandmother was found during the night in her bedroom by Rich, who had come to her home to don his wedding clothes. After giving the alarm, Rich went to the church and was married. The evidence on which Rich was held for murder is circumstantial.

PUBLICITY MUST FOLLOW TAXATION

Without This Feature Corporation Tax Law Would Prove Failure.

TAFT TO SUPERVISE FINISHING TOUCHES

Agreement Is Reached on Practically Every Feature of Amendment Which May Be Introduced in Senate on Thursday—President Is Very Optimistic.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—President Taft will personally supervise the putting of the finishing touches upon the proposed amendment to the tariff bill providing for the imposition of a 2 per cent. tax upon the net earnings of corporations. This will be done to-morrow night at a conference at the White House. General Wickersham and Mr. W. P. Root, who are drafting the amendment; Secretary of State Knox and the Republican membership of the Senate Finance Committee. It is expected that the perfected amendment will be ready for introduction in the Senate on Thursday.

Agreement Reached.

The Attorney-General and Mr. Root had a long session at the Capitol to-day and reached an agreement on practically every feature of the corporation tax plan. The portion which is giving them the greatest trouble relates to the government control of corporations necessary to carry into effect the plan.

There was little opposition to subjecting the corporations to the amount of publicity that will be required for the enforcement of the law and to prevent manipulations of stocks and bonds for the purpose of evasion.

Members of the Finance Committee, as well as Mr. Root and Mr. Wickersham, agreed with President Taft that such publicity must be given, and that without it the corporation tax law would be a failure. This feature, it was said to-day, certainly will be incorporated in the amendment.

Among the details of the bill determined to be at the rate of 2 per cent., and that it will be collected from all corporations. All banks will come within the range of the tax, but deductions will be allowed national banks to the amount of taxes paid upon their circulation.

An important publication to be included in the bill is a definition of net earnings. This will follow as nearly as possible the definition of earnings contained in the interstate commerce act relating to railroad corporations.

President Taft is decidedly optimistic over the outlook for the corporation tax, but a number of the Senators who called at the White House declared that the proposition would keep the Senate in session until long past August 1.

Elkins a Caller.

Senator Elkins was one of the President's callers, and he declared that he and a number of other Senators would have some remarks to make in the Senate under the new scheme of taxation is under consideration. The West Virginian Senator believes that all corporations would attempt in some manner to avoid payment of the tax.

Additional salaries and all manner of expenditures would be resorted to, he thinks.

President Taft, on the other hand, does not believe that a 2 per cent. tax on net earnings is heavy enough to make any of the larger corporations resort to evasive measures. As to bonds, it is possible, the President feels, to provide a limit for the issuance of such securities, based upon the capital stock, that will prevent corporations from transferring all of their securities into bonds, the interest on which is paid from gross earnings. "There seems to be no way in which the bondholder can be reached under the new tax, except by double taxation on the corporation itself, which is not contemplated. Some provision may be made as to the issuance of bonds in the future to provide that no earnings shall be paid only from net earnings."

There seems now to be little doubt but that the corporation tax as passed will exempt net earnings of \$5,000 and less, so as to take any undue burdens off the smaller corporations. This is the understanding at the White House, and apparently is the plan of the Senate leaders.

FOR FREE TRADE

Senator Daniel Declares That World Is Leaning That Way.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 21.—Pointing out during the discussion of the hide schedule in the Senate to-day that under the present law hides that do not weigh at least twenty-five pounds are not subject to a duty, Senator McClellin, of Mississippi, introduced his amendment making the duty applicable to all hides, no matter how small. This, he said, would be in the light of a revenue producer, as he had no sympathy with the protective system.

Free hides were advocated by Senator Daniel. The hide tax, he said, was not worth what it puts into the treasury. After speaking at some length to the hide provision, the Virginia Senator entered upon the more general subject of tariff legislation and extolled the exercise of independence in legislation.

Referring to his purpose to vote for the hide tax, Senator Daniel declared: "I am not going to vote for free hides because it is a raw material or a finished product."

In closing he said he was firmly convinced that the world was tending toward free trade as he was that it

CONDUCT ALWAYS ABOVE REPROACH

Mrs. Gould's Witnesses Deny Stories of Drunkenness and Immodesty.

MR. GOULD FAILS TO TAKE WITNESS CHAIR

He Appears Relieved, While Wife Is Annoyed and Sensational-Mongers Are Bitterly Disappointed—Defense Suddenly Rests Case Without Promised Disclosures.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Sensation-seekers and the curious who attended the sessions of Katherine Clemons Gould's suit for separation from her husband, Howard Gould, were sadly disappointed at the resumption of the hearings before Justice Dewing in the Supreme Court to-day, when it was announced that the defense had rested, and that Howard Gould would not take the stand. It had been expected that the direct and his cross-examination by Clarence J. Shearn, counsel for the plaintiff, would take several days.

Mr. Shearn, apparently, was greatly surprised by the announcement that Mr. Gould would not testify. Mr. Gould himself appeared relieved and Mrs. Gould annoyed.

Mr. Shearn led off the rebuttal with the testimony designed to show, he explained, "the falsity of the charge that Mrs. Gould was continually and habitually intoxicated from 1902 to the present date."

"Do you regard such evidence as necessary?" asked the court.

Necessary or not, counsel for the plaintiff thereupon produced a stream of "low-stairs" witnesses, whose testimony was followed by the reading of depositions of guests and friends who swore that Mrs. Gould never, to their knowledge, drank to excess, and that she always was affable, reserved and modest in her language—testimony directly opposed to that of the defendant's witnesses had given previously.

A Deposition Taken by Mr. Shearn.

That of Mrs. Anne S. Bankhead, wife of Mr. Gould, and Lieutenant Henry McCauley, Bankhead, of Fort McPherson, Ga., who visited Mrs. Gould on numerous occasions.

Always Above Reproach.

Mrs. Bankhead related in her deposition the incidents of a visit with Mrs. Gould, as the latter's guest, in Cairo, Egypt, in 1902, when the party visited the Khedive's palace. The witness described Mrs. Gould's conduct on this occasion as "lady-like and above reproach."

Mrs. Bankhead accompanied the Goulds on their yacht from Cairo to Alexandria. Mrs. Gould's conduct was "perfect and beyond criticism," she testified, according to Mr. Shearn, the witness stated that she had visited Mrs. Gould at Castle Gould and the St. Regis Hotel for periods of several weeks at a time, and never saw her use intoxicants.

"Mrs. Gould never drank more than a cocktail before dinner, and only light wine with her dinner, not more than the average society woman drinks."

What did you observe she would drink at lunch time?" was a question asked by Mrs. Gould's counsel.

"Mrs. Gould would usually take a cocktail before lunch, but the extent of her drinking was not noticeable to me on account of her conduct," the witness replied. She never saw Mrs. Gould drunk in the evening, and never saw her boisterous or excited, and never saw her use improper language.

The witness was with Mrs. Gould in Chicago in 1907, and noticed nothing improper in her conduct. Mrs. Bankhead said that her daughter, Katherine, who was born August 21, 1905, was named after Mrs. Gould. The defendant said Mrs. Gould was "dignified, refined and gentle, and always conducted herself in a manner above reproach."

In the cross-examination in the deposition, Mrs. Bankhead would not state that she had never heard Mrs. Gould speak of a "drinking man."

She said that Mrs. Gould had spoken to her but once about Dustin Farnum, the actor, and had then told her that their names were not "linked together" in any improper way.

Proper in Every Way.

Mr. Shearn in his deposition of Lieutenant Bankhead. The witness said that he was the son of Senator Bankhead, of Alabama, and had entered the army in 1898. The witness testified in regard to various visits of Mrs. Gould and her husband to the Gould estate and at hotels in this city. He had never seen Mrs. Gould intoxicated or observed her conduct to be indecent or unbecoming. Her conduct always had been proper in every respect, the witness deposed, and he had never seen her drink more than any of the guests at dinners.

On cross-examination Lieutenant Bankhead was asked:

"As a man or army officer would you not testify reluctantly in regard to conduct reflecting upon a woman who had been your hostess?"

"As a man or army officer I would do so ordinarily, but when placed under oath to tell the truth I should testify unhesitatingly," was the reply.

John W. Adams, who is in the plumbing business in Lynchburg, Va., testified that he saw Mrs. Gould at Blue Gap Farm in the fall of 1906.

Mr. Trotter, a carpenter, testified at a previous session of the trial that while at the Gould farm he saw Mrs. Gould and the witness (Adams) drinking together in a cellar. The witness said he remembered that he and Trotter and Mrs. Gould went into the cellar together, as she had asked them to move some boards. He said no one there at that time had taken a drink of whiskey. He had never seen Mrs. Gould under the influence of liquor at Blue Gap Farm.

Story Is Denied.

Mr. Shearn read the depositions of a Lynchburg lawyer who had taken depositions of the colored waiters at

LETTER FINALLY ARRIVES

It Tells Woman of Husband's Intention to Commit Suicide.

BALTIMORE, MD., June 21.—After being buffeted around as a lost article, a letter addressed to Mrs. Margaret Hausman, of 808 North Patterson, Park Avenue, reached here to-day. It was from her husband, Rudolph Hausman, who has been missing for two weeks, and it told her that he intended committing suicide by jumping off a ferry-boat at Hampton Roads, because he loved her was going insane. Hausman left home two weeks ago to-day. He said he was on his way to give his violin lesson. At that time he was suffering with blood poisoning. Nothing was heard of him until the belated letter was received to-day.

The family came to Baltimore from Pottsville, Pa., four weeks ago.

Body Not Yet Found.

NORFOLK, VA., June 21.—The body of Rudolph Hausman, forty-four years old, of Baltimore, who is believed by the police to have committed suicide by leaping from the rail of the traction company's steam ferry, was not yet found, and it was said at Police Headquarters to-day that the family of the missing man will probably offer a reward for the remains. Hausman had been missing from his home in Baltimore for nearly ten days, and while a general alarm was being sent to the police departments of many cities, a package of letters found on the deck of the Endeavor, containing a message to Mrs. Hausman, lay unopened in the Northern Neck Traction Company's office.

The letter to his wife, opened at Police Headquarters, was forwarded by mail, stating that Hausman intended to end his life by jumping into the water, and that he was growing insane.

HALLEN GOES FREE

Not Enough Evidence to Prove Him Guilty of Huge Theft.

NEW YORK, June 21.—James D. Hallen, a former New York Central train robber, who was on trial, charged with grand larceny in cheating the Nicaraguan government out of the price of a consignment of arms, was acquitted to-day by direction of Judge Malone, who told the jury that the State had failed to prove Hallen guilty of any criminal practices.

Hallen sent the Nicaraguans sawdust and other harmless stuff in boxes which were supposed to contain revolvers supplied contained ammunition. He did this, Hallen alleged, because he had learned that Zelaya was planning to overthrow the government and to take the place of the Central American.

FIRE ON CHICAGO SPECIAL

Fast Train Is Stopped That Flames May Be Extinguished.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Fire was discovered to-day on board the Chicago Special, a fast New York Central train, a few minutes after it pulled out of the Grand Central Station. Smoke billowed from the engine, and in the woodwork and canvas of the vestibule between two Pullman cars, quickly allied the rear Pullmans, frightening some of the passengers.

The crew, after ineffectual attempts at putting out the flames with hand grenades, stopped the train, and firemen who were summoned quickly smothered the blaze with their chemical apparatus. The train then proceeded, half an hour behind schedule.

WRIGHTS ARE CAUTIOUS

They Seek to Prevent Any Recurrence of Aeroplane Disaster.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 21.—That the Wright brothers will take every precaution to prevent a recurrence of the accident to Orville Wright at Fort Myer last September is evident from the methods they are pursuing in connection with their new plane. It is probable that they will take the five-mile course in the direction of Falls Church, Va., west of the city. The two brothers occupied the day in working on their aeroplane. The Wrights do not expect that their new plane will be ready to fly before Friday or Saturday.

MAKES NEW RECORD

Mauretania Clips Another Sneeze On Her Own Best Time.

LIVERPOOL, June 21.—The Cunard Line steamship Mauretania has established a new world's record for passage between New York and London. She arrived here yesterday afternoon, thus accomplishing for the first time the feat of disembarking her passengers in less than five days. Leaving New York on Wednesday, the ship was in waiting so that the actual time between New York and London will be five days, eight hours.

BOY IS KIDNAPPED

Rather Than Capture, He Kills Father and Himself.

KHABAROVSK, RUSSIA, June 21.—The nine-year-old son of a rich merchant of Khabarovsk was kidnapped yesterday while playing. One of the kidnappers to-day presented a letter to the merchant demanding \$35,000. The letter said that the police, whereupon the kidnapper killed the merchant and committed suicide. The fate of the boy is not known.

AGAIN A FUGITIVE

A. J. Baird, Escaped Convict, Falls to Stay Recaptured.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., June 21.—A. J. Baird, who was arrested at Binghamton, Pa., last Friday by Constable Johnson, of Stevens Point, and locked up in the jail there, was this morning being taken to an escaped prisoner from the prison camp at Selma, N. C., where he was serving a three-year sentence on a charge of embezzlement, broke on jail early this morning and is again a fugitive.

FOREST FIRES RAGING

Little Settlements Are Still Threatened by the Flames.

CHATHAM, N. B., June 21.—The little settlements of Bay Du Vin and Black River are still seriously threatened by the forest fires which have been raging in northern New Brunswick for the past week. Bay Du Vin and Black River are villages with a population of about 1,000 each. They are situated on the north shore of the Gulf of St. Lawrence, about 150 miles from the mouth of the St. Lawrence.

Her First Entertainment

LONDON, June 21.—Miss Kitty Clifton, who is extremely popular